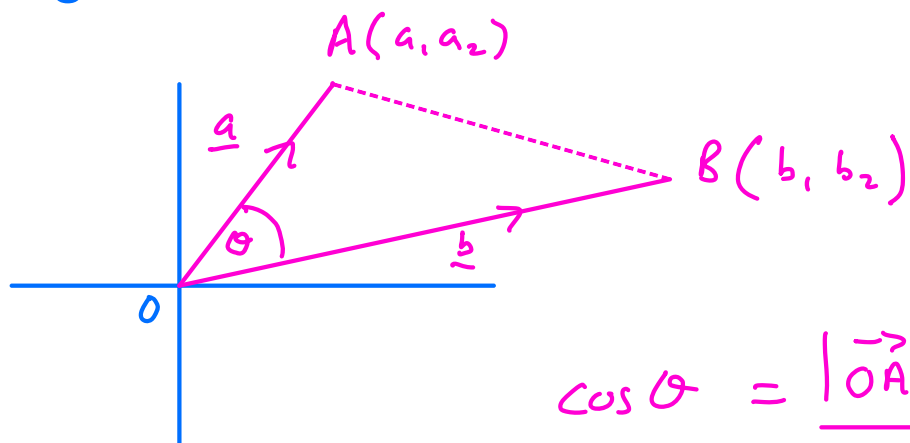


Angle Between Two Vectors



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{AB} &= -\underline{a} + \underline{b} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} b_1 - a_1 \\ b_2 - a_2 \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{|\vec{OA}|^2 + |\vec{OB}|^2 - |\vec{AB}|^2}{2|\vec{OA}||\vec{OB}|}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{(\sqrt{a_1^2 + a_2^2})^2 + (\sqrt{b_1^2 + b_2^2})^2 - (\sqrt{(b_1 - a_1)^2 + (b_2 - a_2)^2})^2}{2|\vec{OA}||\vec{OB}|}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\cancel{a_1^2} + \cancel{a_2^2} + \cancel{b_1^2} + \cancel{b_2^2} - [\cancel{b_1^2} + \cancel{a_1^2} - 2a_1b_1 + \cancel{b_2^2} + \cancel{a_2^2} - 2a_2b_2]}{2|\vec{OA}||\vec{OB}|}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{2a_1b_1 + 2a_2b_2}{2|\underline{a}||\underline{b}|} = \frac{a_1b_1 + a_2b_2}{|\underline{a}||\underline{b}|}$$

Aside

$\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b}$ is called the scalar product of \underline{a} and \underline{b}
(or the dot product)

$\underline{a} \times \underline{b}$ is called the vector product of \underline{a} and \underline{b}
(or the cross product)

$$\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} = |\underline{a}||\underline{b}|\cos\theta$$

$$\underline{a} \times \underline{b} = |\underline{a}||\underline{b}|\sin\theta \underline{j} \quad \text{where } \underline{j} \text{ is a unit}$$

vector \perp to \underline{a} and \underline{b}

In 2 dimensions $\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} = a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2$

In 3 dimensions $\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} = a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + a_3 b_3$

Examples if $\underline{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ $\underline{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} = 2 \times -1 + 3 \times 4 = 10$$

if $\underline{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\underline{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{a} \cdot \underline{b} &= 3 \times 2 + 4(-3) + 5 \times 6 \\ &= 6 - 12 + 30 \\ &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b}}{|\underline{a}| |\underline{b}|}$$

Example if $\underline{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ $\underline{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

Find the angle between \underline{a} and \underline{b}

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \theta &= \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}}{\left| \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \right| \left| \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \right|} = \frac{12 - 7}{\sqrt{4^2 + 7^2} \sqrt{3^2 + (-1)^2}} \\ &= \frac{5}{\sqrt{65} \sqrt{10}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{5}{\sqrt{65}} = 78.7^\circ$$

Modelling With Vectors

Exercise 11F

1 d) $\underline{v} = (-7\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}) \text{ cm s}^{-1}$

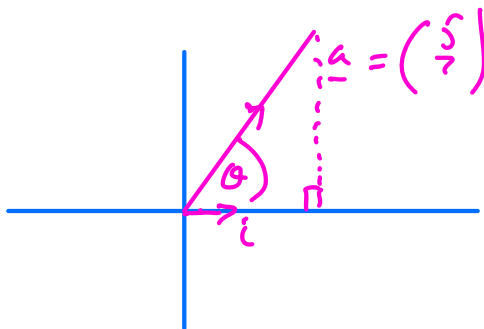
$$\text{speed} = \sqrt{(-7)^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{65} \text{ cm s}^{-1}$$

2 d) $\underline{v} = (-4\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j}) \text{ cm s}^{-1}$ for 120s

$$\text{distance} = \sqrt{(-4)^2 + (-7)^2} \times 120 = 120\sqrt{65} \text{ cm}$$

5) N2L $\underline{F} = m\underline{a}$

$$\underline{a} = (5\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j}) \text{ m s}^{-2} \quad \text{or} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \text{ m s}^{-2}$$



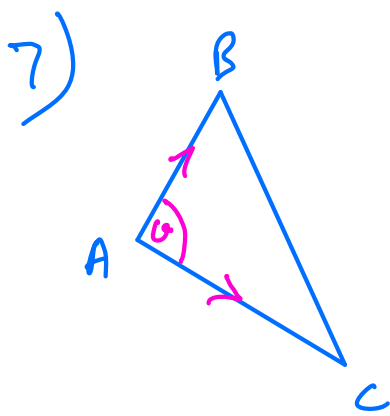
$$\sin \theta = \frac{7}{\sqrt{5^2 + 7^2}}$$

$$\theta = 54.5^\circ$$

b) $\underline{F} = m\underline{a}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \end{pmatrix} = 0.3 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.5 \\ 2.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ N}$$

$$|\underline{F}| = \sqrt{1.5^2 + 2.1^2} = 2.58 \text{ N}$$



$$\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 30 \\ 40 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 40 \\ -60 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \vec{BC} &= \vec{BA} + \vec{AC} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -30 \\ -40 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 40 \\ -60 \end{pmatrix} \\ \vec{BC} &= \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -100 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \cos \theta &= \frac{(\vec{AB}) \cdot (\vec{AC})}{|\vec{AB}| |\vec{AC}|} = \frac{30 \times 40 + 40(-60)}{\sqrt{30^2 + 40^2} \sqrt{40^2 + (-60)^2}} \\ &= \frac{-1200}{50 \times 20\sqrt{13}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{-1200}{1000\sqrt{13}} \right)$$

$$\theta = 109.4^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |\vec{AB}| |\vec{AC}| \sin 109.44^\circ \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 50 \times 20\sqrt{13} \times \sin 109.44^\circ \\ &= 1700.000365 \\ &= 1700 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Hwk Q1a, Q2a, Q3a, Q4, Q6, Q8