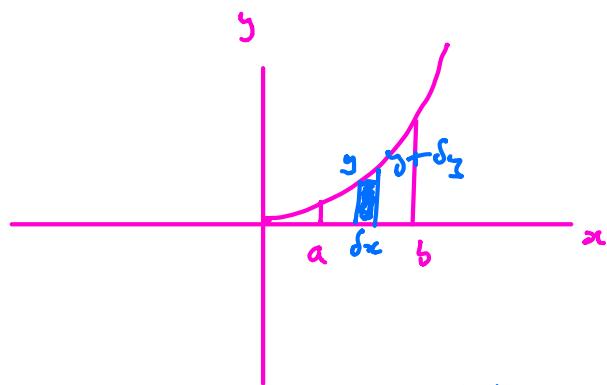


Volumes of Revolution



$$y = x^2$$

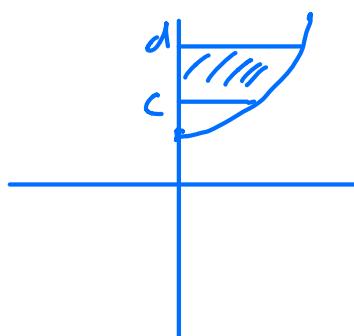
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol of disc} \\ = \pi y^2 \delta x \end{aligned}$$

Vol swept out

$$\approx \sum \pi y^2 \delta x$$

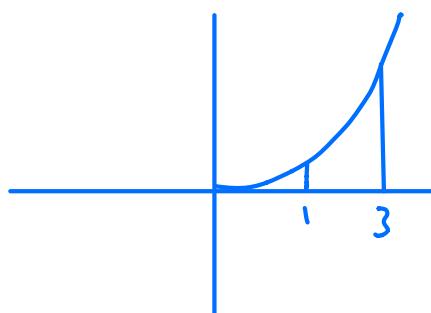
$$\text{As } \delta x \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{Vol} \rightarrow \int_a^b \pi y^2 dx$$

Spin around y-axis



$$\text{Vol} \int_c^d \pi x^2 dy$$

Ex 1



$$y = x^2$$

Find volume when curve revolved around x-axis from $x = 1$ to $x = 3$

$$\text{Vol} = \int_1^3 \pi y^2 dx$$

$$= \pi \int_1^3 x^4 dx$$

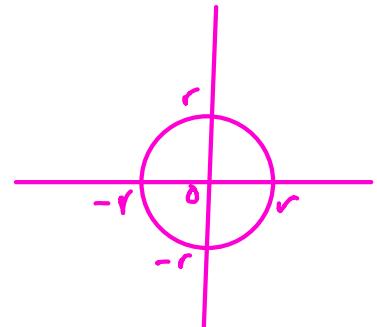
$$= \pi \left[\frac{x^5}{5} \right]_0^r$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{5} [243 - 1]$$

$$= \frac{242\pi}{5}$$

Consider $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

Find vol of hemisphere
between $x = 0$ and $x = r$



$$\text{Vol} = \int_0^r \pi y^2 dx$$

$$= \pi \int_0^r (r^2 - x^2) dx$$

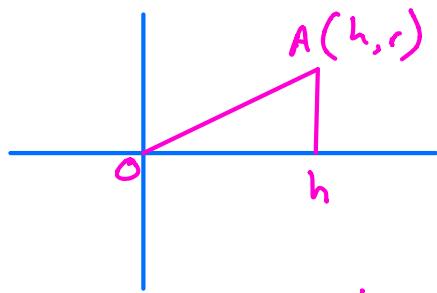
$$= \pi \left[r^2 x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^r$$

$$= \pi \left[\left(r^3 - \frac{r^3}{3} \right) - (0 - 0) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\therefore \text{whole sphere} = 2 \times \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Ex 3 Find vol of cone radius r height h



Eqn of OA

$$y = \frac{r}{h} x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol} &= \int_0^h \pi y^2 dx = \pi \int_0^h \frac{r^2}{h^2} x^2 dx \\ &= \frac{\pi r^2}{h^2} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^h \\ &= \frac{\pi r^2}{h^2} \left[\frac{h^3}{3} - 0 \right] \end{aligned}$$

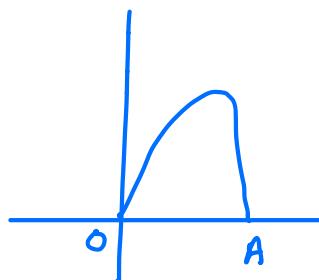
$$\text{Vol} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

Exercise 5A

Q5) $y = 9x^{3/2} - 3x^{5/2}$

At A $9x^{3/2} - 3x^{5/2} = 0$

$$3x^{3/2}(3 - x) = 0 \Rightarrow A(3, 0)$$



$$\text{Vol} = \pi \int y^2 dx$$

$$y^2 = \left(9x^{3/2} - 3x^{5/2} \right) \left(9x^{3/2} + 3x^{5/2} \right)$$

$$= 81x^3 - 27x^4 - 27x^4 + 9x^5$$

$$\text{Vol} = \pi \int_0^3 (81x^3 - 54x^4 + 9x^5) dx$$

$$= \pi \left[\frac{81x^4}{4} - \frac{54x^5}{5} + \frac{9x^6}{6} \right]_0^3$$

$$= \frac{2187\pi}{20}$$

Classwork Q7, Q8, Q9