	1MA1 Practice papers Set 2: Paper 1H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
1.		$(7 \times 2 + 2 \times 5) \times 200 =$ 4800 4800×8	38 400 g	5	M1 for 7 × 2 or 2 × 5 or 7 × 7 or 5 × 5 or 2 × 2 M1 for '7 × 2' + '2 × 5' (or equivalent) or '7 × 7' - '5 × 5' M1(dep on first M) for '24' × 200 or '0.0024' × 2 M1 for '4800' × 8 or '0.0048' × 8 000 000 or '0.0048' × 8000 A1 for 38 400g or 38.4kg (SC B3 for any answer including digits 384)			
2.	(a) (b)		13:30 Assumption and effect	M1 M1 A1 C1	<ul> <li>90 ÷ 1.5 (= 60)</li> <li>240 ÷ 60 (= 4 hours)</li> <li>e.g. assumed constant speed – if not constant than could arrive earlier or later</li> <li>Assumed no stops – if stop then will arrive later</li> </ul>			

## **1MA1 Practice Papers: Set 2 Regular (1H) mark scheme – Version 1.0** This publication may only be reproduced in accordance with Pearson Education Limited copyright policy. ©2016 Pearson Education Limited.

		1MA1 F	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	per 1H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
_	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
3.		$4000 - (\frac{10}{100} \cdot 4000) = 3600$	3240	3	M1 for $4000 - \frac{10}{100}$ or $0.9 \times 4000$ (or equivalent) or 3600 or 400 or 3200 or 800 seen
		$3600 - (\frac{10}{100} \cdot 3600)$			M1 (dep) 10 "3600" $-\frac{10}{100}$ · "3600" or "3600" × 0.9 (or equivalent) A1 cao or M2 for 29.04000 × 0.9 <sup>2</sup> (M1 for 4000 × 0.9 <sup>3</sup> ) A1 cao
					[SC: B2 for an answer of £4840, with or without working]

		1MA1 P	ractice papers Set 2: Pa	per 1H (R	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
Quo 4.	estion			-	Notes         M1 for $600 \div 4$ (=150)         M1 for $4500 \div ``150"$ (=30)         M1 for $4500 \div ``150"$ (=30)         M1 for $750 \div ``30"$ A1 for 25 with supporting working         OR         M1 for $4500 \div 750$ (=6) or $750 \div 4500$ (= $\frac{1}{6}$ )         M1 for $600 \div 4$ (=150) or $600 \div ``6"$ (=100) or $600 \times \frac{1}{6}$ (=100)         M1 for ``150" ÷ ``6" or ``100" ÷ 4 or $150 \times \frac{1}{6}$ A1 for 25 with supporting working         OR         M1 for $4500 \div 750$ (=6) or $750 \div 4500$ (= $\frac{1}{6}$ )         M1 for $4500 \div 750$ (=6) or $750 \div 4500$ (= $\frac{1}{6}$ )         M1 for $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \left(=\frac{1}{24}\right)$
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	1MA1 I	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	aper 1H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
5.		48	5	M1 for $8 - 2 (= 6)$ M1 (indep) for $x^2 + 8^2$ (provided $x \le 8$ ) M1 (dep on previous M1) for $\sqrt{x^2 + 8}$ or $\sqrt{100}$ M1 (dep on M2) for $4 \times 2 + 4 \times "10"$ A1 cao
6.	$\begin{array}{c} 0.38 \times 10^{-1},  3800 \times 10^{-4}, \\ 0.038 \times 10^{2},  380 \end{array}$	Correct order	2	<ul><li>M1 changing any one correctly or at least 3 in the correct order (ignoring one) or reverse order</li><li>A1 for correct order (accept any form)</li></ul>
7.	6+3 = n+5 OR $64 \times 8 = 32 \times 2^{n}$	4	2	M1 for $6 + 3 - n = 5$ (or equivalent) or $(64 \times 8) \div 2^n = 32$ (or equivalent) or $2^{6+3}$ (or equivalent) seen A1 cao
8.	$-3 \le y < 2.5$	-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2	3	M1 for dividing a list of integers by 2 or for $y \ge -3$ and/or $y < \frac{5}{2}$ seen or implied A2 for all integers correct (A1 for 5 correct with no more than one extra)

	1MA1 P	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	aper 1H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
9.	<ul> <li>HCF: The numbers must be 3n and 3m where n and m are co-prime and at most one is a multiple of 3</li> <li>LCM: Factors of 36 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36</li> </ul>	9, 12	2	B2 cao (B1 for two numbers with HCF of 3 or LCM of 36)
10.		Vertices at (3, 2), (3, 4) and (4, 2)	3	M1 for centre (2, 0) marked M1 for all sides $\times \frac{1}{2}$ A1 cao SC B2 for correct enlargement from (2, 0), scale factor $\neq 0.5$ or for correct enlargement from (0, 2), scale factor = 0.5

	1MA1 H	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	per 1H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
11. (a)	Working           F         15         25         36         24           Fd         3         5         3.6         1.2	Answer Correct histogram	Mark 3	Notes         B3 for fully correct histogram (overlay)         (B2 for 3 correct blocks)         (B1 for 2 correct blocks of different widths)         SC : B1 for correct key, eg. 1 cm <sup>2</sup> = 5 (cars) or correct values for (freq ÷ class interval) for at least 3 frequencies (3, 5, 3.6, 1.2)
(b)	$\frac{3}{4} \times 24$	18	2	M1 for $\frac{3}{4} \times 24$ (= 18) (or equivalent) or $\frac{1}{4} \times 24$ (= 6) (or equivalent) A1 cao OR M1 ft histogram for 15 × "1.2" or 5 × "1.2" A1 ft

		1MA1 P	ractice papers Set 2: Pa	aper 1H (R	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
12.	(a)	(x+4)(x-1)	<i>x</i> +4	3	M1 for $(x + 4)(x - 1)$
		$\frac{(x+4)(x-1)}{(2x-3)(x-1)}$	$\frac{x+4}{2x-3}$		M1 for $(2x - 3)(x - 1)$ A1 cao
	(b)	$\frac{4(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} + \frac{3(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$	$\frac{7x-2}{(x+2)(x-2)}$	3	M1 for denominator $(x + 2)(x - 2)$ (or equivalent) or $x^2 - 4$ M1 for $\frac{4(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$ (or equivalent) or $\frac{3(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-2)}$ (or equivalent)
					(NB. The denominator must be $(x + 2)(x - 2)$ or $x^2 - 4$ or another suitable common denominator) A1 for $\frac{7x-2}{(x+2)(x-2)}$ or $\frac{7x-2}{x^2-4}$
					$\frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{x^2-2} = \frac{x^2-4}{x^2-2}$ SC: If no marks awarded then award B1 for $\frac{4(x-2)}{x^2-2} + \frac{3(x+2)}{x^2-2}$ (or equivalent)
13.			75π	3	M1 for $(4 \times \pi \times 5^2) \div 2$ (or equivalent) M1 for $\pi \times 5^2$ (or equivalent) A1 for $75\pi$ (accept 235.5)

	1MA1 P	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	per 1H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
Question 14.	Working $\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{19} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{19}$	Answer <u>192</u> <u>380</u>	<u>Mark</u> 4	Notes         B1 for $\frac{8}{19}$ or $\frac{12}{19}$ M1 for $\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{19}$ or $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{19}$ M1 for $\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{19} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{19}$ or $2 \times \frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{19}$
				A1 for $\frac{192}{380}$ (or equivalent)
	$\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{20} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{20} =$ $= \frac{192}{400} (= 0.48)$			With replacement M1 for $\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{20}$ or $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{20}$ M1 for $\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{20} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{20}$ or $2 \times \frac{8}{20} \times \frac{12}{20}$
	OR $1 - (\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{7}{20} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{11}{20})$ 212 (-0.52)			OR M1 for $\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{7}{20} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{11}{20}$
	$=\frac{212}{400}$ (= 0.53)			M1 for $1 - \frac{188}{400}$

		1MA1	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	aper 1H (R	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
15.			Correct proof	4	M1 expands $(n-1)^2$ with at least three out of four terms correct or $n^2 - n - n + 1$ or $n^2 - 2n + 1$ M1 $n^2 - 1 + n^2 - n - n + 1$ or $2n^2 - 2n$ A1 2 $(n^2 - n)$ or $2n (n - 1)$ C1 (dep on M1) for conclusion $2 \times (n^2 - n)$ or $2 \times n \times (n - 1)$ ' is always even OR M1 factorises $n^2 - 1$ correctly $(n - 1) (n + 1)$ M1 $(n - 1)(n + 1 + n - 1)$ A1 $2n(n - 1)$ C1 (dep on M1) for conclusion $2 \times (n^2 - n)$ or $2 \times n \times (n - 1)$ ' is always even

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Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes		
16.	(a)	$AB = AC \text{ (equilateral triangle)}$ $AD = AC \text{ (equilateral triangle)}$ $AD = ADB = 90^{\circ} \text{ given}$ $ADC = ADB = 90^{\circ} \text{ given}$ $ADBADC\Delta \equiv \Delta$ (RHS) $OR$ $DAC = DAB \text{ (since } ACD$ $= ABD \text{ and } ADC = ADB$ ) $AB = AC \text{ (equilateral triangle)}$ $AD = ABD \text{ (equilateral } \Delta$ (SAS) $OR$ $DAC = DAB \text{ (since } ACD$ $= ABD \text{ and } ADC = ADB$ ) $AD = ABD \text{ (since } ACD$ $= ABD \text{ and } ADC = ADB$ ) $AD = ABD \text{ (equilateral triangle)}$ $AD = ABD \text{ (equilateral triangle)}$ $AD = ABD \text{ (equilateral } \Delta$ (AAS)	Proof	3	M1 for any three correct statements (which do not have to be justified) that together lead to a congruence proof (ignore irrelevant statements) A1 for a full justification of these statements A1 for RHS, SAS, AAS, ASA or SSS as appropriate NB The two A marks are independent		

	1MA1 Practice papers Set 2: Paper 1H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
16.	(b)	$BD = DC \text{ (congruent } \Delta s)$ $BC = AB \text{ (equilateral } \Delta s)$ Hence $BD = \frac{1}{2}AB$	Proof	2	B1 for $BD = DC$ and $BC = AB$ B1 for justification of these statements and completion of proof			
17.	(a)	$\frac{6}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$	$\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{5}$	2	$M1 \frac{6}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$ A1 cao			
	(b)	$2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{10} \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{10} \sqrt{20}$ $2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{50} + 2\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{200}$ $2\sqrt{5} + 5\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{5} + 10\sqrt{2}$	6√5+15√2	4	M1 for 3 of no more than 4 correct terms of expansion, (may be shown in a table or without + signs) $2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{10}\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{10}\sqrt{20}$ (or equivalent) M1 or $\sqrt{50}$ or $\sqrt{(10\times5)}$ or $\sqrt{200}$ or $\sqrt{(20\times10)}$ M1 5 $\sqrt{2}$ or $10\sqrt{2}$ or $4\sqrt{5}$ A1 cao			

		1MA1 F	Practice papers Set 2: Pa	per 1H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
18.	(a)		Circle, centre <i>O</i> , radius 3	2	M1 for a complete circle centre (0, 0) A1 for a correct circle within guidelines
	(b)		x = 2.6, y = -1.6 or	3	M1 for $x + y = 1$ drawn
			or $x = -1.6, y = 2.6$		M1 (dep) ft from (a) for attempt to find coordinates for any one point of intersection with a curve or circle
					A1 for $x = 2.6$ , $y = -1.6$ and $x = -1.6$ , $y = 2.6$ , all $\pm 0.1$
19.	(a)	$P = \frac{k}{V}: 5 = \frac{k}{8}; k = 40$	$P = \frac{40}{V}$	3	M1 for $P \propto \frac{1}{V}$ or $P = \frac{k}{V}$ , k algebraic
					M1 for subs $P = 5$ and $V = 8$ into $P = \frac{k}{V}$
					A1 for $P = \frac{40}{V}$
	(b)	$P = \frac{40}{2}$	20	1	B1 ft on k for $P = \frac{k'}{V}$
20.	(i)		(3, -1)	3	B1 cao
	(ii)		(1.5, -4)		B1 for (1.5, -4) accept 1.5 or $1\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{2}$ for x coordinate
	(iii)		(-3, -4)		B1 cao

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Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes						
21.				4	M1 for method to find gradient of <i>AB</i> , e.g. $\frac{6-0}{1-3} \left(=\frac{3}{2}\right)$						
					M1 for method to find gradient of line, e.g. $-1 \div \frac{3}{2} \left( = -\frac{2}{3} \right)$						
					M1 for method to find y intercept, e.g. $2 = -\frac{2}{3} \times 5 + c$ or $c = \frac{16}{3}$						
			3y + 2x = 16		A1						

						Max									
Qu No	Spec	Paper	Session	Qu	Торіс	sco re	Mean % all	ALL	<b>A</b> *	Α	В	С	D	Е	
1	1380	1F	1106	Q29	Compound measures	5	10	0.52				1.25	0.58	0.27	
2				NEW	Speed	4	No data available								
3	1380	1H	1006	Q19	Compound interest	3	70	2.09	2.90	2.65	2.20	1.59	0.96	0.58	
4	1MA0	1H	1411	Q14	Ratio	4	31	1.23	3.63	3.20	2.46	1.34	0.65	0.24	
5	1MA0	1H	1511	Q13	Derive expressions	3	8	0.23	2.42	1.67	0.87	0.22	0.08	0.05	
6	1MA0	1H	1211	Q20	Standard form	2	60	1.20	1.91	1.80	1.61	1.20	0.73	0.46	
7	5MM1	1H	1211	Q18	Index laws	2	70	1.40	1.81	1.90	1.57	1.20	1.20	0.00	
8	1387	5H	711	Q14	Solve inequalities	3	63	1.89	2.83	2.47	1.73	0.76			
9	5MM1	1H	1211	Q11	HCF and LCM	2	39	0.77	1.81	1.00	0.62	0.49	0.33	0.00	
10	5MM1	1H	1211	Q22	Enlargement	3	52	1.56	2.81	2.42	1.70	0.57	0.00	0.00	
11	1MA0	1H	1206	Q22	Histograms and grouped frequency	5	27	1.34	4.31	2.98	1.36	0.39	0.09	0.02	
12	1MA0	1H	1206	Q23	Simplify algebraic expressions	6	17	1.03	4.84	2.39	0.70	0.12	0.03	0.01	
13	1MA0	1H	1303	Q23	Surface area	3	17	0.50	2.05	1.21	0.68	0.33	0.12	0.03	
14	5MM1	1H	1211	Q21	Selection with or without replacement	4	34	1.36	3.38	2.90	1.25	0.45	0.13	0.00	
15	5MM1	1H	1306	Q23	Algebraic proof	4	20	0.79	3.00	1.30	0.36	0.04	0.00	0.00	
16	1380	1H	906	Q24	Geometric proof	5	11	0.53	2.25	0.97	0.26	0.07	0.02	0.01	
17	5MM1	1H	1111	Q22	Surds	6	32	1.89	5.25	3.44	1.54	0.20	0.07	0.00	
18	1380	1H	1011	Q28	Graphs of circles	5	12	0.60	3.57	1.24	0.38	0.11	0.03	0.02	
19	1380	1H	1011	Q26	Direct and inverse proportion	4	15	0.58	3.33	1.52	0.35	0.05	0.01	0.01	
20	1MA0	1H	1411	Q25	Transformation of functions	3	6	0.17	2.01	1.15	0.39	0.09	0.03	0.01	
21				NEW		4		No data available							
						80									