

Exercise 6F

1)  $U(-2, 8)$   
 $V(7, 7)$   
 $W(-3, -1)$

$$\text{grad} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

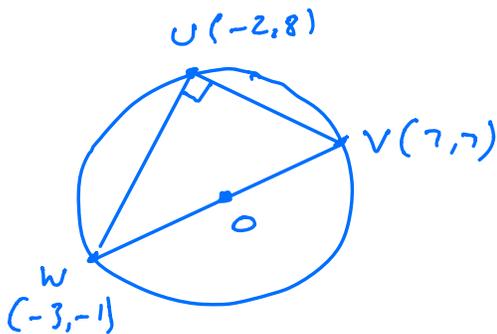
$$\text{grad } UV = \frac{8-7}{-2-7} = \frac{1}{-9} = -\frac{1}{9}$$

$$\text{grad } VW = \frac{7-(-1)}{7-(-3)} = \frac{8}{10}$$

$$\text{grad } UW = \frac{8-(-1)}{-2-(-3)} = \frac{9}{1}$$

$$\text{grad } UV \times \text{grad } UW = -\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{9}{1} = -1$$

$\therefore$   $UV$  and  $UW$  are  $\perp$   
 right angle at  $U$



Centre is  
 midpoint of  $VW$   
 $\left(\frac{-3+7}{2}, \frac{-1+7}{2}\right)$   
 $= (2, 3)$

radius =  $OV$

$$= \sqrt{(7-2)^2 + (7-3)^2} = \sqrt{25 + 16} = \sqrt{41}$$

Circle is  $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 41$

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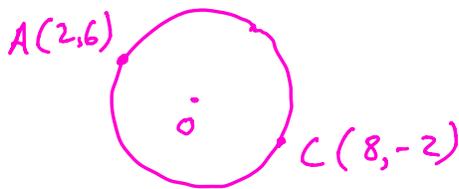
$$2) \quad \begin{aligned} A(2,6) \\ B(5,7) \\ C(8,-2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{grad } AB = \frac{7-6}{5-2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{grad } BC = \frac{7-(-2)}{5-8} = \frac{9}{-3} = -3$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times -3 = -1 \quad \therefore \perp$$

right-angle at B so AC is a diameter  
(angle in a semi-circle =  $90^\circ$ )



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Centre } O &= \left( \frac{2+8}{2}, \frac{6+(-2)}{2} \right) \\ &= (5, 2) \end{aligned}$$

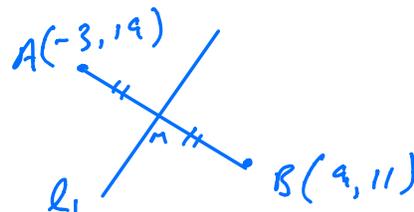
$$\text{Radius} = OA$$

$$= \sqrt{(5-2)^2 + (2-6)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{9+16} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$\text{Circle Eqn} \quad (x-5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 5^2$$

$$3) \quad \begin{aligned} A(-3, 19) \\ B(9, 11) \\ C(-15, 1) \end{aligned}$$



$$M = \left( \frac{-3+9}{2}, \frac{19+11}{2} \right)$$

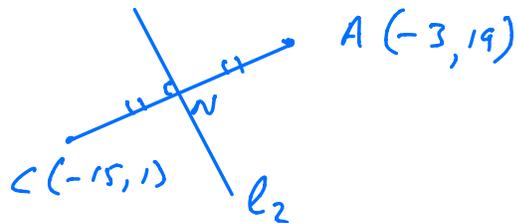
$$M = (3, 15)$$

$$\text{grad } AB = \frac{19-11}{-3-9} = \frac{8}{-12} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{grad of } l_1 = +\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ell_1 \quad y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\
 y - 15 &= \frac{3}{2}(x - 3) \\
 2y - 30 &= 3x - 9 \\
 \ell_1 \quad -21 &= 3x - 2y
 \end{aligned}$$

ii Find  $\perp$  bisector of AC



$$N\left(\frac{-15 + -3}{2}, \frac{1 + 19}{2}\right)$$

$$N(-9, 10)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{grad } AC &= \frac{19 - 1}{-3 - -15} = \frac{18}{12} \\
 &= \frac{3}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{grad of } \ell_2 = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ell_2 \quad y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\
 y - 10 &= -\frac{2}{3}(x - -9) \\
 3y - 30 &= -2(x + 9) \\
 3y - 30 &= -2x - 18
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ell_2 \quad \underline{2x + 3y = 12}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3x - 2y &= -21 & \textcircled{1} \\
 2x + 3y &= 12 & \textcircled{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \times 3 \quad 9x - 6y = -63 \quad \textcircled{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \times 2 \quad 4x + 6y = 24 \quad \textcircled{4}$$

$$\textcircled{3} + \textcircled{4} \quad 13x = -39$$

$$x = -\frac{39}{13}$$

$$x = -3$$

Sub for  $x$  in  $\textcircled{2}$

$$2(-3) + 3y = 12$$

$$-6 + 3y = 12$$

$$3y = 18$$

$$y = 6$$

$$\text{Centre} = (-3, 6)$$

$$\text{Radius} = 13 \text{ to centre}$$

$$= \sqrt{(9-3)^2 + (11-6)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{144 + 25}$$

$$= \sqrt{169}$$

$$\text{Circle} \quad (x+3)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 13^2$$

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Hwk Mixed Exercise 6 Q 1, 2, 3